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RADWAY'S REMOVATING RESOLVENT,
FOR THE QUICK CURE OF ALL CHRONIC AND
SCROFULOUS DISEASES.

IT IS POWERFUL, SEABCHING, AND PLBASANT;
IT CLEANSES AND DURIFIES THE BLOOD FROM
ALL SCROFULOUS HUMORS;
IT RESOLVES AWAY FROM THE BONES
AND MUSCLES

AND MUSCLES
IT ELECTRIFIES THE FLUIDS AND SOLIDS WITH
HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

IT IS WARRANTED TO CURE—
SCROFULOUS,
BYPHILLS,
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Syphilis,
Epilepsy,
Jaundice,
Ulcers,
Fover Bores,
Hacking Dry Cough.

In either of the above-named Diseases WE GUARANTEE hat the patient will experience its powerful, soothing IN A FEW HOURS

after taking it.

WILL EXPERIENCE IMMEDIATE RELIEF AFTER
TAKING THREE DOSSS.

IT IS DAILY PERFORMING MIRACLES.

In ten minutes after taking a dose of this pleasant remedy, the weak and sickly invalid feels its electrical agency thrilling through every cell and cavern of the system, imparting health and strength to every organ, nerve, and secretory vesset in the body.

SCROFULOUS DISEASES. This Remedy is warranted to cure Scrofula in its worst form. It acts upon the solids as well as the fluids, removing from the bones, joints, muscles, and nerves, all diseased

deposits,

AND EJECTS FROM THE SYSTEM

ALL FOUL HUMORS AND UNHEALTHY VIRUS,
Glandular Swellings, Ulcers in the Throat, Tumors, Cance
Nodes, White Swellings,
FEVER SORES,

PEVER SORES,
Sait Bheum, Hacking Dry Cough, Tabucular Consumption,
Rickets, and all deep-seated diseases. RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT will quickly cure.

ITS AUTION

The seat of the

is direct, and instantly experienced upon the seat of the disease, whather it be in the bones, muscles, joints, liver, heart, pancreas, kidneys, stomach or bowels, brain, or spinal marrow.

spinal marrow.

IT ACTS UPON THE SKIN,
producing a free and copious discharge of all foul humors
secreted in this organ.

FESTERING SORES.

The most repulsive cores and cruptions are instantly relieved from irritation and quickly removed from the skin.

HOW RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT CURES
CONSUMPTION.

To cure Consumption we must stop decay and rebuild and
heal the worn-out organs of the system that disease has consumed.

wimed.

We must treat every organ in the system, for the Lungs are not the only organs affected. It affects the Liver, the Heart, the Kidneys, Bladder, and Pancreas; and, in fact, every organ in the body is more or less tainted with decom-

THE LUNGS
ARE THE BREATHING APPARATUS OF THE SYSTEM When the Lungs are in a state of decay they are unable to receive or emit the necessary amount of air requisite to su-tain life. The greator the atmospheric pressure upon the air-cells, the more painful, irritable, and sufficiating is the

THE GLANDS become swellen from the irritation and inflammation lungs.

ULCERS AND LUMPS IN THE THROAT are formed from unbealthy deposits, which the lungs are unable to deet without the aid of powerful emetics, and the Liver too weak and feeble to secrete.

PUS

becomes deposited in the bronchial tubes; it hardens, and is comed into lunus which blesseries, suppurents, and discharge

formed into lumps, which ulcerate, suppurate, and discharge
THE AIR-CELLS
are clogged, and the respiratory organs checked, so that
breathing is rendered oppressive and exceedingly difficult.
RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT

WILL ACT AS FOLLOWS:

THE LUNGS:

It will beal, strengthen, and remove from them all diseased deposit, cleaning the sir-cells from all diseased humors.

REMOVES FROM THE GLANDS

REMOVES FROM THE GLANDS
inflammation, and rids the Throat from Ulcers, Tumors,
Hard Swellings, and other diseased deposits.

TO THE LIVER,

AND EVERY ORGAN IN THE SYSTEM
it will reorganize and cleanse from putrid and unhealthy
matter and humors.

IN TEN MINUTES

after taking this pleasant remedy the patient feels easier. I immediately allays the irritable cough, loosens the tightness across the chest, and relieves the sharp wrenching paint Let the afflicted call upon CHAS. STOTT & CO., and W. H. GILMAN.

N. B.

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st painful paroxysms in FIVE MINUTES OR LESS. TO THE SICK OF THIS DISTRICT.

If you will call upon our Agents, and try the Rollef, we will guarantee you instant relief from Pain, and a quick

BEAR IN MIND, R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF THE MOST SEVERE PAINS IN A FEW MINUTES. AND CURE THE MOST OBSTINATE RHEUMATIC, NEURALGIC, AND NERVOUS COM-PLAINTS

IN A FEW HOURS, INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL! THE MOST EXCRUCIATING PAINS IN PROM THERE TO PIVE MINUTES

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Rheumattsm	In Four Hours
Neuralgia	In One Hour
Croup	In Ten Minutes
Diarrhoea	In Fifteen Minutes
Toothache	In One Second
Spaams	In Three Minutes
Cramps	In Three Minutes
Sick Hendsche	
Chili Fever	In Fifteen Minutes
	In Fifteen Minutes
Chill Blains	In Ten Minutes
Sore Throat	In Four Hours
Influenza	Tot Western Married Warrant
Spinal Complaints, Sug	Jointe Otradas Baston Cata
Wounds Front Rites (holera Morbus, Tie Doloreux,
d all other completes a	Moreus, Tie Doloreux,
d Mr Other Complaint w	here there are severe pains, RAD-
VI'S PROPRIET PROPERTY	will instantly stop the pain, and
PRINCIPAL OFFICE,	162 FULTON STREET, NY.
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Radway's Ready Relief, 20 cents, 50 cents, and \$1.
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That he has discovered the most certain, speedy and efficacious plan of treating

SECRET DISEASES

that has ever yet been presented to the world. By his plan, founded on observation made in the Hospitals of Europe and America, he will insure

ACURE IN TWO DAYS,

OR NO CHARGE.

ACURE IN TWO DAYS,
on Ne CHARGE.

No Mercury or Nauscous Drugs used.
Weakness, Less of Organic Powers, Pains in the Loins,
Disease of the Kidneys, Affections of the Head, Throat, Nose
and Skin, Constitutional Debility, and all those horrid affections arising from a Cartain Secret Habit of Youth, that soltary practice, more fatal to its victims than the song of the
Syrens to the mariners of Ulysses—blighting their most
brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering Marriage, etc.,
impossible.

A CURE WARRANTED, OR NO CHARGE. Young Men especially, who have become the victims of bittary Fice, that dreadful and destructive habit which an-Soltary Vice, that dreadral and destructive habit which am-nually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to cestacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or those contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, should immediately consult Dr. J., and be restored to perfect health.

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DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surycon, London, Graduate from one of the most sminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philosolphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing curse that were over known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE. Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and solidary habit, which ruln both body and mind, unfitting them for

habd, which rule both body and mind, unfitting them for either business or society.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakiness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Intiability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption. &c., &c.

Mentally.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion of Society, Self Distruct, Love of Solitade, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Weakness of the system, Nervous Debility and premature decay generally arise from the destructive habit of youth that solitary practice so fatal to the healthful existence of man, and it is the young who are most any to become its Victime, from an ignorance of the dangers to which they subject themselves. Parents and Guardians are often misled with respect to the cause or source of disease in their sons and wards. Alas! how often do they ascribe to other causes the weating of the frame, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Indigeation, derangement of the Nervous System, Cough, and Symptoms of Consumption; also those serious Michael effects, such as loss of Memory, Depression of Spirits, or peculiar fits of Melancholy, when the truth is, they have been caused by indulging in Pernicious but alluring practices, destructive to both Body and Mind. Thus are swept from existence thousands who might have been of use to their Country, a pleasure to their friends, and ornaments to Society. NERVOUS DEBILITY.

their Country, a pleasure to their friends, and ornaments to Society.

DR. JOHNSTON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

This grand and important Ramedy has restored strength and vigor to thousands of the most debilitated individuals, many who had lost all hopes, and been shandoned to die. By its complete invigoration of the Nervous System, the whole faculties become restored to their proper power and functions, and the fallen fabric of life is raised up to beauty, consistency and duration, upon the ruins of an emaciated and premature decline, to sound and pristine health. Oh, how happy have hundreds of misguided youths been made, who have been suddenly restored to health from the devastations of those terrific maladies which result from indiscretion! Such persons, before contemplating

MARRIAGE, should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honer as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

TO STRANGERS.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last ten years, and the numerous important Surgical Opera-

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last ten years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. J., witnessed by the Reporters of the papers and many other persons, notices of which bave appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guaranty that the afflicted will find a skilful and honorable physician. TAKE NOTICE.

It is with the greatest reluctance that Dr. Johnston permits his card to appear before the public, deeming it unprofessional for a physician to advertise; but unless he did so, the affiliets, especially strangers, could not fall to fall into the afflicted, especially strangers, could not fail to fall into the hands of these imprudent, boasting impostors—individuals destitute of knowledge, name, and character—pediars, shoemakers, mechanics, &c., advertising themselves as physicians; ignorant quacks, who keep you trifling month after month, as long as possible, and in despair leave you with ruined health to sigh over your galling disappointment. It is this motive alone that induces Dr. J. to adverties, for he alone care you. To those unacquainted with his reputation he deems it necessary to say, that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his office.

Weakness of the Organs immediately cured, and full vigor restored.

vigor restored.

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"H. M. Morfit, esq., 41/4 street.

"Geo. Parker, esq., Penn. av., near 6th st. jan 19—tf

IMPORTANT TO THE DEAF.

DOCTOR HARTLY, AURIST, from the Ear Infirmary, 99 Arch street, Philadelphia, begs to announce his return to this city for a few days. The number and importance of the cases under his care, on his recent visit, and the gratifying amount of success which attended his treatment, have induced him to expedite his return. His stay here will depend much upon circumstances; and it will be selvicable for those who wish to consult him to make an early call. Residence over Myers's Dry-goods store, between 9th and 10th streets, Pennsylvania avenue. Consultation and examination fee, \$1.

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A letter on any business, addressed to this office, and enclosing a fee of five dollars, will procure a satisfactory reply
REFERENCES.—R. Wallach, U. S. Marshal; W. Lenox,
Mayor; Jo. Gales, of the "Intelligencer;" R. W. Latham,
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Office of Correspondence, Washington, D. C.

mong the business cards in their columns, may at all times command the services of this office.

T. C. C. jan 22-T. C. C.

General Banking and Exchange Business. COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned respectfully announce to the public that they have entered into copartnership for the transaction of a general Exchange and Hanking business in the city of Washington, under the firm of—SELDEN, WITHERS & CO.

All business entrusted to them will be attended to with promptness and fidelity.

WILLIAM SELDEN,
Late Treasurer of the United States
JOHN WITHERS,
Of Alexandria, Virginia.
R. W. LATHAM, W. Abbasica

M. LATHAM,
Of the city of Washington.
L. P. BAYNE,
Of Baltimore, Maryland. mar 24-tf

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER has a number of desirable LOTS and several HOUSES in the city of Washington which he will sell on reasonable terms. Also—THREE FARMS, two in Virginia and one in Maryland—both contiguous to the city.

JOHN L. SMITH, Attorney at Law.

JOHN L. SMITH, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, AND COUNTY MAGISTRATE.

OFFICE, Eighth street, opposite the market house, where he may be found at all times. PORTABLE WRITING-DESKS.-A very fine assortment just received by A. GRAY. 7th street. ortment just received by A. GRAY, 7th street.

WRIGHT'S Indian Vegetable Puls For A. GRAY, Bookseller, feb 28— to 7th st., opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall,

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH gress;" but before the question was taken

Corporation of Washington.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN,

Monday, April 19, 1852. Present: Messrs. Dove, Magruder, Bayly, Wilson, Towers, Borrows, Sweeny, Maury, French, (President,) Wirt, Thornley, Gordon, and Morgan The CHAIR laid before the Board a communi-

cation from the Mayor, nominating William A.
Robertson as sweep for the Third Ward, in place
of R. Moffert, resigned; which nomination was
considered and confirmed.
Mr. Wilson, on leave, submitted a resolution

equesting the Mayor to cause the Aldermen's chamber to be lighted by a chandelier; which was read three times and adopted.

On motion of Mr. Dove, the Board resumed the consideration of the bill from the Board of Common Council for completing the grading of L street north; and it was then, on motion, indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Maury, from the Committee on Finance,

asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the petition of Caleb Buckingham, captain of Columbia Artillery Company, in reation to care of two brass guns in his charge

and they were discharged accordingly.

Also, from the same Committee, reported without amendment the bills from the Board of Common Council entitled "An act amendatory of an act to license, tax, and regulate wholesale and retail dealers," and "An act imposing taxes for the year 1852;" and they were then severally read the third time and passed.

Also, from the same Committee, reported a bill entitled "An act making an additional appropriation in relation to the alteration in the course of Tiber creek through square No. 680;" which was read three times and passed.

The Chair laid before the Board a communi-

cation from the Mayor, nominating Walter Hay as resident student of the Asylum; which nomination was considered and confirmed. Mr. Wilson, on leave, introduced an act for

the repair of K street north, near Rock Creek, and for other purposes; which was read three times Mr. Wilson, on leave, submitted a resolution

in relation to a revision of the grades of New York avenue and I street, between 18th and 14th streets west, and the adjacent streets; which was read and adopted.

The Chair laid before the Board a communi-

cation from Andrew Rothwell, in relation to the settlement of his accounts as late Collector of Taxes; which was read, and, On motion of Mr. MAGRUDER, ordered to lie on

the table, and be published with the proceedings of the Board. The communication is as follows:

To the Board of Aldermen :

The Board of Aldermin:

The report submitted to your Board on the 12th instant, by the Joint Committee appointed on the 7th of July last to supervise the settlement of my accounts with the Corporation, contains matters involving to a considerable extent my pacuniary interest, and may, also, if allowed to pass annoticed, place me in an unfavorable light in the estimation of a portion of my fellow-citizens. I therefore ask the privilege of presenting for the consideration of the Councils several suggestions, explanations, and corrections relative to the subject-matter of the report.

In the consideration of the case by the Councils, it will, I trust, be borne in mind that the accounts extend through a period of nearly fourteen years, and involve a very large smount of money; dwring all which time no settlement of examination whatever was made, nor any account stated. Realising long since the great importance to myself of such statement and examination. I made written application, without success, to a former Mayor of the city, to cause it to be done; and a chief reason for my retiring from the office was that a settlement might be obtained. The Councils will also remember that the appointment of the committee, whose report is before them, was made in pursuance of a request made to them by myself, and of a like suggestion made at the same time by the present Mayor. It should likewise be borne in mind that, within a few weeks after the expiration of my term of office, and before any progress had been made in the examination of the accounts, I paid over the principal part of what I supposed to be the balance, intentionally leaving the remainder until its amount should be ascertained, having made provision to most if. And within a few days after it was stated by the committee, with but a very limited examination by myself of the may and varied accounts, in the preparation of which mouths had but a very limited examination by myself of the many and varied accounts, in the preparation of which months had been employed, I promptly paid to the Corporation the full balance disimed; although convinced that the account had been stated against me in the strictest manner, that there might be errors against me, and that it took from me a considerable amount to which I have at least equitable claims.

considerable amount to which I have at least equitable claims.

The amount mentioned in the report as over-charges of commissions, or the chief part of it, I suppose would be allowed me by the Councils, upon an examination for a year and a half is reduced to the rate of twelve hundred dollars. During that time I was repeatedly informed by members of Council that it was their intention so to amend the law that full commissions would be allowed me.

The balance against me was also unduly increased, (to what extent I know not,) by the mode of charging to me the interest upon special taxes, which, if correct, was never before adopted in the accounts of collectors. I am made to pay full interest in all cases, which, if correct, was never was fully explained to the committee.

I am advised that I could probably recover commissions upon the amount of taxes which remained due, the collection of which was taken out of my hands at the expiration of my term, and which I proposed to be allowed to collect, as I had performed much of the labor preparatory to their collection.

The remark of the committee, that "when they entered

tion of which was taken out of my hands at the expiration of iny term, and which I proposed to be allowed to collect, as I had performed much of the labor preparatory to their collection.

The remark of the committee, that "when they entered upon their duties they found that Mr. Rothwell had not rendered the statument of his accounts required by law, from the time he entered upon the duties of his office until he retired therefrom," is stronger than the facts justify, and needs explanation. An annual statement and report of collections, embracing an account of deductions, commissions, and deposites, was regularly prepared by the Collector, and placed in the hands of the Register, at the close of each year, in the earlier of which, at least, reference for details was made to the books in the Collector's office. The eighth section of the act of May 12, 1837, to which the committee refer upon this subject, is copied from the earliest tax laws of the city, to which period it could alone be applicable, when there were syeral collectors, and when the whole list of each occupied but a few sheets of paper. Its full execution has long since become entirely impracticable, in consequence of the great extent and number of the accounts. Of these facts, it may be presumed, the several Mayors of the city, by whom I was continued in office, must have informed themselves, as, without a compliance with the law, or the rendering a satisfactory reason therefor, I was legally incligible to reappointment.

The committee also err in the remark that I had expressed myself satisfied with the accuracy of their work in preparing the accounts. It is true, that after such brief and currency examination as could be given to so extensive an account in portions of a very few days, having reference only to their results, I found them, to the best of my knowledge, correct, se far as that examination extended, and was unwilling to delay the section of the committee so long as to allow of my examining the details.

Had there been a suitable super

Mr. Morgan moved that the Board resume the consideration of the resolution from the Board of Common Council to provide for the opening of Sixth street west, south of the canal; which motion was carried in the affirmative, as follows:

YEAS-Mesers. Dove, Magruder, Bayly, Sweeny, Maury, Thornley, Mongan, and French-S, NAVS-Mesers. Wilson, Towers, Borrows, Wirt. and Gor-

don—5.

Mr. Moroan then moved, by way of amendment to the said resolution, a substitute requesting the President of the United States to cause the said street to be opened.

Mr. Wilson moved to amend that amendment by striking out "President" and inserting "Conwill street to be said street to be opened.

Mr. Wilson moved to amend that amendment by striking out "President" and inserting "Conwill street to be same tide-water again:

Mr. Towers moved that the whole subject be referred to the Corporation Attorney, with the request that he will give this Board his opinion request that he will give this Board his opinion in reference to the powers of this Corporation over the public mall, in reference to streets running through the same, at his earliest convenience; which motion was carried in the affirmative by a unanimous vote.

Mr. Towers presented a petition from A. Rothwell and others, and, on leave, introduced a bill,

founded on that petition, entitled "An act authorizing the curbstones to be set and the footway paved on the east fronts of squares Nos. 422, 421, 420, 419, 418, 417, and 416;" which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Improve-

The bills from the Board of Common Council entitled "An act making an appropriation to pay the expense attending the statement and examina-

viding for building an iron bridge over the canal at 14th street west, the bill and amendment were, on motion, referred to the Committee on Improve

Mr. Wilson, from the Committee on Improve ments, reported without amendment the bill authorizing the curbstones to be set and the footway paved on the east fronts of squares Nos. 422, 421, 420, 419, 418, 417, and 416; and it was then read the third time and passed.

The joint resolution from the Board of Com-mon Council with regard to the extension of F street north was taken up, read twice, and referred to the Committee on Improvements.

The bill from the Board of Common Council authorizing the curbstones to be set and the foot-

way paved on the west front of square No. 106 was taken up, read three times, and passed.

The amendment of the Board of Common Council to the amendment of this Board to the oint resolution directing an application to Con-

gress for additional powers to this Corporation was taken into consideration and concurred in. Mr. MAURY, from the Committee on Improvements, reported without amendment the bill for

repairing the roof of the City Hall; and it was then read the third time and passed. Mr. Wilson, from the Committee on Improvements, reported back the bill from the Board of Common Council providing for building an iron bridge over the canal at 14th street west, and the mendment of this Board to the same, and recommended that this Board recede from its said amendment; and, the question being taken, it was carried in the affirmative.

Mr. Towers, on leave, introduced an act for the relief of John Brown; which was read three

imes and passed. And then the Board adjourned.

BOARD OF COMMON COUNCIL, Monday, April 19, 1852. All the members present except Messrs. Easby

nd Havenner. Mr. Callan presented the petition of D. A Gardner and others for the repair of a gutter on G street north, between 14th and 15th streets rest; which was read and referred to the Committee on Improvements.

Mr. PEPPER presented the petition of C. H. Munck for the remission of a fine; which was read and referred to the Committee of Claims.

Mr. Downer, from the Committee on Improvenents, to which was referred, on the 6th instant,

Board of Aldermen making appropriation for cer- error in the publication of the "Act for the retain improvements at the Northern Market, re- lief of Wm. Hicks," and "An act to pave the ported the same with an amendment : which was agreed to, and the bill passed.

Mr. Douglass, from the Committee of Claims, Prentiss:" which was read twice. Mr. Ennis, from the Committee of Claims, to

which was referred the petition of Wm. Marshall, asked to be discharged from its further consideration; which was agreed to.

Mr. Ennis, from the Committee of Claims, to

entitled "An act for the relief of Henry Wheeler;" which was read twice. Mr. Mulloy, from the Committee on Improvements, to which was referred the bill for the relief of Hugh Hughes, reported the same without

Mr. HUTCHINGSON, from the Committee of Claims, to which was referred the bill from the Board of Aldermen making an appropriation to pay the balance due for building the iron bridge over the canal at 10th street west, and for stone

work, reported the same without amendment. Mr. Morgan, from the Committee on the Canal to which the petition of Samuel Byington and others was referred, respecting certain obstructions in the eastern section of the canal, asked to be discharged from its further consideration; which

was agreed to. Mr. CALLAN, from the joint committee appointed to examine the accounts of the late Collector of taxes, reported a bill entitled "An act making an appropriation to pay the expenses attending the statement and examination of the accounts of the late Collector;" which was read three times and

passed. Mr. BRYAN, from the Committee on Improve ments, to which was referred the bill from the Board of Aldermen for the repair of H street north, reported the same without amendment.

The bill from the Board of Aldermen authorizing the grading and paving of the alley in square 688 was taken up, read twice, and re-ferred to the Committee on Improvements. The bill from the Board of Aldermen for the relief of John Waters was taken up, read twice,

and referred to the Committee of Claims. A communication was received from the Mayor. enclosing the following report of the officer of the United States Topographical Engineers, appointed to make a survey of James's creek; which was read, and the report ordered to be published with the proceedings of the Board :

Washingroy, D_kC_p, March 23, 1852.

Siz: I have the honor to submit the following report of the plan and estimate for the improvement of James's creek, used upon a survey made during the latter part of last tear.

The chief object of this improvement is to complete the connexion between the two important military depots—the one at Harper's Ferry, the other in this city. The collateral advantages to be attained are, the connexion of the mineral wealth and produce of the West with the tide-water of the Potomac, reclaiming the swamps; breeding disease hear the United States Arsenal, and by this means restoring the public land at present submerged. land at present submerged.

James's creek is formed by the back of the river and the

James's creek is formed by the back of the river and the drainage of the valley west of the Capitol. It extends from I street, near Second, to its entranceinto the Eastern Branch of the Potomac, near the United States Arrenal, being a continuous swamp, varying from 200 to 300 feet in width. In the upper part of this swamp the outflow of the water has been impeded by the construction of the road on N street, causing the water to stagnate at nearly the same level above that street.

tion little need be said, as it is already dealers, and the city.

Some difficulty was met with in tracing the lines from the stones upon the field; it became, finally, necessary to survey the awamp independently of such lines. The water in the swamp varying from two to five feet in depth, it was necessary to make frequent cross sections in a boat, the position of the canal being afterwards fixed from graphic edition of the canal being afterwards fixed from graphic edition of the notes thus made,

Excuration—In order to ascertain the quantity of excuration frequent cross-sections were taken of the valley of I have based my calculations upon a canal having a cros

the creek.

I have based my calculations upon a causal having a crosssection of the following dimensions: Base of the section is
iorty-three feet, with perpendicular walls on each side, and
a depth of elevan feet below the surface of the towing path.
Forty-three feet is requisite for the easy passage of three
boats abreast; the level of the towing path is the same as
that in the old causal. The walls on each side should be six
feet wide at base. The additional width of the walls will
make, the section of excavation fifty-five feet wide at the
bottom. I have given it an inside slope of half a foot botsontal to one foot perpendicular. Towing paths on each
side are twelve feet wide, drained by side ditches, one foot
wide by one foot in depth; they are two and a half feet
above high tide. The outside slopes are one and a half base
to one foot rise.

The total length to be excavated is 7,279 feot. Fifteen
hundred feet of this is not submerged; of the remaining
1,000 feet lies in the Eastern Branch. The greater portion
of that which is submerged can be drained. It is of common alluvial earth, and can be excavated at prices varying
from twelve to twenty cents per cubic yard. The method
employed for calculating the quantity of earth work was

1,000 feet lies in the Eastern Branch. The greater portion of that which is submerged can be drained. It is of common alluvial earth, and can be excavated at prices varying from twelve to twenty, cents per cubic yard. The method employed for calculating the quantity of earth work was the formula for a series of prismoids.

By this formula there are 111,154 cubic yards of common earth excavation, which I have estimated at the average price of sixteen cents per cubic yard.

111,154 cubic yards, at 16 cents per yard. \$17,784.64.

The basin of the canal begins about 200 feet below U street, and extends 1,000 feet into the Eastern Brauch. This portion is located se, so to take advantage of the wall protecting the arsenal, by which means 1,000 feet of very expensive walling is saved:

The section upon which my calculations are based has a width of 141 feet at hottom, with slopes three feet horizontal to one perpendicular. This portion of the line is covered by twater averaging six feet in depth at high tide, and about three feet at low water. For this reason dredging was thought the least expensive method of excavation. It can be done at forty cents per cubic yard.

A basin of the above-mentioned dimensions, containing 12,005 cubic yards at 40 cents per yard, \$5,042.

Walling,—The sides of the canal will have to be protected on each side by a dry wall, having a thickness of three feet at top. The height of the wall should be the same as that of the towing path, viz: elver feet.

6,362 feet of the canal will require a walling of the above dimensions on both sides. Accordingly there will be 23,324 cubic yards walling, at \$2.75 per yard, \$64,141. Should it be deemed expedient at my future period to fill in the water-lots at the month of the creek, the earth they deposited should be protected crib-work.

N street being graded and much used, I have estimated for a bridge over the causil on this street. The cast and wrought into bridges of Mr. Rider, much used about this city, seems to be the chaptest and most durable stru

It will be necessary for the abutiments of this bridge to be twelve feet above the surface of the water, or twenty-three feet above the bottom of the canal, with wing-walls twelve feet long. A wall of mortared masonry nine feet high should be four and a half feet thick. Over this height, the top remaining the same, (4)-5 feet, its base must be increased behind nine inches to each foot of increase of height. According to this rule, a wall twenty-three feet high and fifty-five feet long, including wing-walls, will have an average thickness of seven and a half feet, and will contain 351 cubic yards, at \$4 per yard.

Two abutiments will cont

Two abutments will cost...... Iron bridging...... .\$5,034 00 Total cost of bridge Should it be deemed necessary to place a bridge on S street, the above estimate should be doubled.

RECAPITULATION.
111,154 cubic yards earth excavation, at 16 cents

. \$86,967 64 Aggregate..... Very respectfully, your obedient servant, S. THAYER ABERT Capt. Campbell Graham, U. S. Corps Topographical Engineers.

A communication was received from A. Roth-

a joint resolution on the subject, reported as a substitute therefor a bill entitled "An act to grade K street north from 12th street to 13th street, to the building line;" which was read and ordered to be published with the proceedings of the Board. [See Aldermen's proceedings above] Mr. Bryan, from the Committee on Improvements, to which was referred the bill from the Police were directed to make inquiry into an

gutter on the south front of square 402. Mr. BRYAN, from the Committee on Inprovements, to which was referred the bill authorizing to which the petition was referred, reported a the curbstone to be set and footway paved on the bill entitled "An act for the relief of Wm. H. east front of squares 340, 341, and 342, reported

the same without amendment. Mr. BRYAN, from the Committee on Improvements, to which was referred the bill from the Board of Aldermen authorizing the Mayor to have the gutter on G street between 12th and 13th streets to be taken up and relaid, reported

which the petition was referred, reported a bill the same without amendment. On motion, the bill for the relief of Francis B Lord, jr., was taken up, read the third time, and passed.

Mr. Ennis, on leave, introduced a joint resolution with regard to the extension of F street north; which was read three times and passed. On the third reading of the resolution, the year and nays were as follows :

Yaas Meesrs Douglass, Callan, Downer, Ennis, Wannail, Mohun, Pepper, Breat, Hutchingson, Mulloy, Morgan, Cull, Johnson, Wheeler, and Hill—2. NATS—Meesrs, Kelly, Bryan, and Miller—3. Mr. Mours, on leave, introduced a bill entitled

"An act for grading and gravelling of a portion of E street north;" which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Improvements. Mr. BRENT submitted the following resolution which was read and adopted:

Resolved. That the Mayor be and he is hereby requested to report to this Board whether or not the 8th section of the act authorizing the appointment of a Surveyor's office therein, approved August 13, 1828, is compiled with or not; and if not, to order and direct the record and copies of divisions of squares and lots referred to in said act to be henceforward deposited and kept in the Surveyor's office, and on no account to be hereafter taken or removed therefrom. Mr. KELLY, on leave, introduced a bill entitled "An act for grading and gravelling 26th street west, from K street to Pennsylvania avenue;"

which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Improvements. Mr. PEPPER submitted the following resolution: which was read and adopted:

Resolved, That the Committee on Improvements be and they are hereby instructed to inquire into the expediency of having the curbations set and pavement laid on the west side of Fourth street west, from D to G streets north. Mr. Douglass presented the petition of B. H. Clements for setting the curbstone and paving the footway on the west side of squares 126 and 163; which was read and referred to the Commit-

tee on Improvements. Mr. Douglass presented the petition of J. C. Rocmely and others for setting the curbstone and paving the footway on the north front of squares 106 and 126; which was read and referred to the Committee on Improvements.

Mr. WANNALL presented the following resolu tion, which was read and laid on the table : Resolved, That the Board do now proceed to dispose of such bills as shall not be objected to, or which shall not give rise to debate.

The bill from the Board of Aldermen for the relief of John Dewdney was taken up, read the third time, and passed.

Mr. PEPPER, from the Committee on Improvements, to which was referred the bill providing for the grading and gravelling of a portion of E street north, reported the same without amendment; and the bill was read the third time and passed.

Mr. BRYAN, from the Committee on Improve ments, to which was referred the bill making an appropriation for trimming and gravelling D courtesy paid Mrs. Conner and her mother, Mrs. street north, between Seventh and Ninth streets west, reported the same without amendment; attention, and led to the inquiry who the French and the bill was read the third time and passed. gentlemen were. - Philadelphia Sun.

The bill from the Board of Aldermen requiring charcoal to be sold by weight was taken up, read the third time, and passed.

locks, therefore, are unnecessary, the tide being permitted to rise and fall in the canal, which has such a depth as to font canal boats of the usual size at low water. Of the loca-tion little need be said, as it is already defined upon the map The bill from the Board of Aldermen for the relief of Philip Gormly was taken up, read three times, and passed.

Mr. BRYAN, from the Committee on Improvements, to which was referred the bill authorizing the construction of a flag footway across B street north, on the east side of Tenth street west, re-ported the same without amendment; and the bill

was read the third time and passed.
On motion, the bill for the relief of Charles Stewart was taken up, read the third time, and

The bill from the Board of Aldermen making an appropriation to pay the balance due for building the iron bridge over the canal at Tenth street west, and for stone work, was taken up, read the third time, and passed. On the third reading of the bill, the yeas and

YEAS—Mosars. Doughase, Kelly, Callan, Downer, Ennis, Wannali, Pepper, Hutchingson, Morgan, Miller, Cull, Johnson, Wheeler, Yan Riswick, and Hill—15.

NAYS—Mesars, Bryan, Mohnn, and Mulloy—2.

navs were as follows:

On motion, the bill for grading and gravelling Sixteenth street west, from M street north to Boundary street, was taken up, read the third time, and passed. The bill from the Board of Aldermen for paving the gutter on the east side of Twentieth

street west, from E street east to New York avenue, was taken up, read the third time, and The bill from the Board of Aldermen for the epair of H street north was taken up, read the

ard time, and passed. Mr. CALLAN, on leave, introduced a joint resolution authorizing an application to Congress for refunding a certain amount expended for the improvement of F and G streets north; which was read three times and passed.

On motion, the resolution authorizing the sale of the Corporation wharf, at the foot of Sixth street west, was taken up, read the third time, Mr. Callan, on leave, introduced a bill enti-

tled "An act making an appropriation for clean-ing the gutters in the Second Ward;" which was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Mr. Douglass, from the Committee of Claims o which was referred the bill from the Board of Aldermen for the relief of John Waters, reported the same without amendment; and the bill was

read the third time and passed. On motion, the bill authorizing the appointment of an assistant surveyor was taken up for Mr. Douglass moved to fill the blank fixing

the salary at \$800; which motion was negatived, as follows: YEAS—Mesers. Douglass, Kelly, Mulloy, and Cull—4. NAYS—Mesers. Callan, Downer, Ennis, Wannall, Bryan, Mohun, Pepper, Hutchingson, Morgan, Miller, Johnson, Van Riswick, and Hill—13.

Mr. HUTCHINGSON moved to fill the blank with 8720; which motion was negatived, as follows: VEAS-Mesers. Douglass, Kelly, Hutchingson, Mulloy, and

Mr. PEPPER movd to fill the blank with \$600;

which was agreed to unanimously.

And the bill was read the third time and The bill from the Board of Aldermen making an additional appropriation in relation to the

alterations in the course of Tiber creek, through square 630, was taken up, read twice, and referred to the Committee on Improvements. The bill from the Board of Aldermen for the re-pair of the bridge over the can't at 14th street west was taken up, read three times, and passed.

And then the Board adjourned. For the Daily American Telegraph.] TIS NOT FORGETTING!

Tis not forgetting! no; when time Buries some object with the past, And hides in bygone years the scenes Which made our youthful friendship fast There's many a young and tender tie Drawn by the tiny, infant mind, Which heary years cannot efface, Nor earth a sweeter union find.

Is absent from our anxious gaze, And from the haunts we used to rove Pure love is written on each heart. By a celestial limner's hand : And like the rock by billows washed Though moss-grown, yet 'twill ever stand. Tis not forgetting! to endure The lonely study, as we trim The midnight lamp, with ruddy flame.

And toil until our eyes grow dim!

Our minds are like the rippling brook.

It dashes round the sturdy oak,

Tis not forgetting : when the fair,

The idol of our purest love,

But through the sweetest flowerets plays Washington, April, 1852. WHY LADIES USE VINEGAR IN FRANCE .- A let-

That meanders on through varied ways-

er from Paris, in the Boston Atlas, says: "Ladies in Paris have the greatest horror of being fat; death has fewer horrors than corpu-lency. There is no doubt the corpulence of the Duchess de Praislin was the remote cause of her murder; and I really believe that if the Salique aw did not prevent a lady from ascending the brone, the first empress would ordain the destruction of all children who appeared inclined to corpulency. During the past week there has been buried at Pere la Chaise, the Marquis de -, who died in consequence of having ruined er digestion by the excessive use of vinegar; the Princess de —, from the same cause, hav-ing exhausted herself by refusing to take suffi-cient nourishment, and M'll —, the wife of an agen de change, 'killed by vinegar.' The mother of vinegar is the first cousin to death. The first and last persons drank daily three large tumblers of vinegar, and they died-horrible punishment-

Louis Napoleon has been in this country. After he failure of his expedition to Strasbourg, in 1836, he was taken from that city to Paris, and sent to the United States, where he arrived in the beginning of 1837. We are informed, by Mrs. Conner, that the Prince went up the Mississippi in the steamboat Ambassador, which left New Orleans on the 2d May, 1837, in which she also, with her parents, was a passenger. The precise time of his return to Europe we do not remember, but he first "turned up" in Switzerland, from whence he found his way to England. next boat up the river, after the Ambassador, was the Ben Sherrod, which was burned, and nearly all on board perished. Had Louis Napoleon delayed his trip, the history of France would have furnished a different chapter. Whether the Prince President joined the boat at one of the towns above New Orleans, or at the city itself, Mrs. Conner does not recollect. He was then called Prince, and had two or three gentlemen in his suite. The crowded state of the boat ren dered two tables necessary, and some incidental